



Bulletin EC-1
April 2014
Supersedes EC-1
Dated September 2013

EC SERIES EVAPORATIVE COOLER



ETL Label Available

**Cooling Sections for Heating, Ventilating
and Make-up Air Units**

**SIGNIFICANT
AMOUNT OF
COOLING**

**LOW ENERGY
CONSUMPTION**

**MATCHING TRANSITIONS
TO HASTINGS HEATING,
VENTILATING AND
MAKE-UP AIR UNITS**

**10 STANDARD SIZES
UP TO 75,000 CFM**

FEATURES

**Unique Crossfluted
12" Evaporative Media**

- **High Capacities**
- **Higher Velocities**
- **Self-cleaning**
- **Long Life**

**Distribution Header -
Water Splash Tube**

**Cabinet – Aluminized
Steel and Painted**

**Evaporator Reservoir –
Stainless Steel**

**Factory Packaged and
Piped with Pump and
Water Controls**

What is Evaporative Cooling

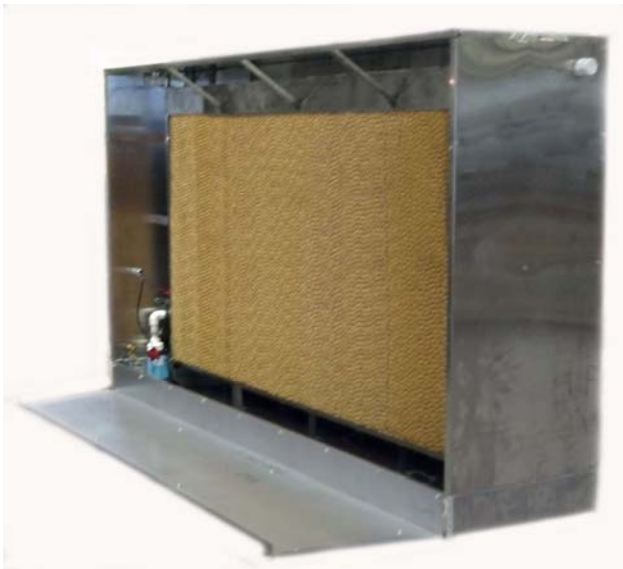
Since ancient times, evaporative cooling has been used as an inexpensive and simple method of providing cooler air temperatures. Heat is absorbed whenever water is evaporated and converted to water vapor. Evaporative cooling is essentially adiabatic, following a constant wet bulb line, with no change in total heat. By passing air through or around a wetted surface, sensible heat is removed from the surrounding air in the vaporization of the water. In turn, the added water vapor increases the latent heat and relative humidity, but retains total heat at a constant value. In contrast to compressing a refrigerant, evaporative cooling requires no mechanical work or energy and operates at considerably less cost than cooling by refrigeration.

Hastings Evaporative Cooler

Hastings evaporative air coolers provide fresh air which is continuously drawn through special wetted 12" evaporative media. The unique crossfluted design of the media induces highly turbulent mixing of air and water for optimum heat and moisture transfer. Water flows through the length of the distribution heater, is jetted up through small holes spaced along the pipe, impinged on the larger cover pipe and transmitted to the media as a fine water curtain. The media is designed so that water is constantly directed to the air entry side. This results in cooling efficiencies up to 90%. It also allows greater face velocities without water carryover. Two basic media are available on all EC Series coolers. The standard media is made from a special cellulose paper, impregnated with insoluble anti-rot salts and rigidifying saturants. Optional media made from large glass fibers bound together by inorganic, noncrystalline fillers and UL approved with a UL 900, Class 2 rating can be furnished. Both types of media have the unique crossfluted design.

Evaporative Cooling Considerations

As the total heat – Btuh content – of the air in the conditioned space remains constant during the evaporative cooling process, any decrease in sensible heat is countered by an increase in latent heat. In general, the use of evaporative cooling for conventional air conditioning is limited to locations with summer design wet bulb temperature of 70 degrees or less. However, evaporative cooling can be applied effectively in industrial and commercial applications with higher wet bulb design temperatures.



HASTINGS EVAPORATIVE COOLER SECTION
Air Discharge View



HASTINGS EVAPORATIVE COOLER SECTION
Air Intake View

The primary indicator of the potential effectiveness of evaporative cooling is the wet bulb depression during the peak hours. Normally evaporative cooling will be practical with a wet bulb depression (entering dry bulb temperature minus entering wet bulb temperature) of 20 degrees or more. While cooling can be effected with smaller wet bulb depressions, a greater number of air changes are required as well as other application considerations.

Evaporative Cooling Applications

1. Comfort Applications

Evaporative coolers are used extensively for comfort air conditioning, rather than mechanical refrigeration in areas with relatively dry climate conditions. A large part of western United States falls in this category. In locations having a summer design wet bulb temperature of 70 degrees or less, evaporative coolers can be used for most comfort cooling applications.

2. Relief Applications

Relief cooling with evaporative coolers can be effectively accomplished for industrial and hot, humid commercial environments with practically no limitations as to design wet bulb temperatures. Many commercial and industrial applications feature high internal sensible and latent loads, often accompanied by large make-up air requirements. In most of these installations, it is not economically feasible to cool with mechanical refrigeration. As evaporative coolers have both low first cost and low operating cost and in turn require 100 percent outside air, they can be used most successfully to provide relief cooling for these applications.

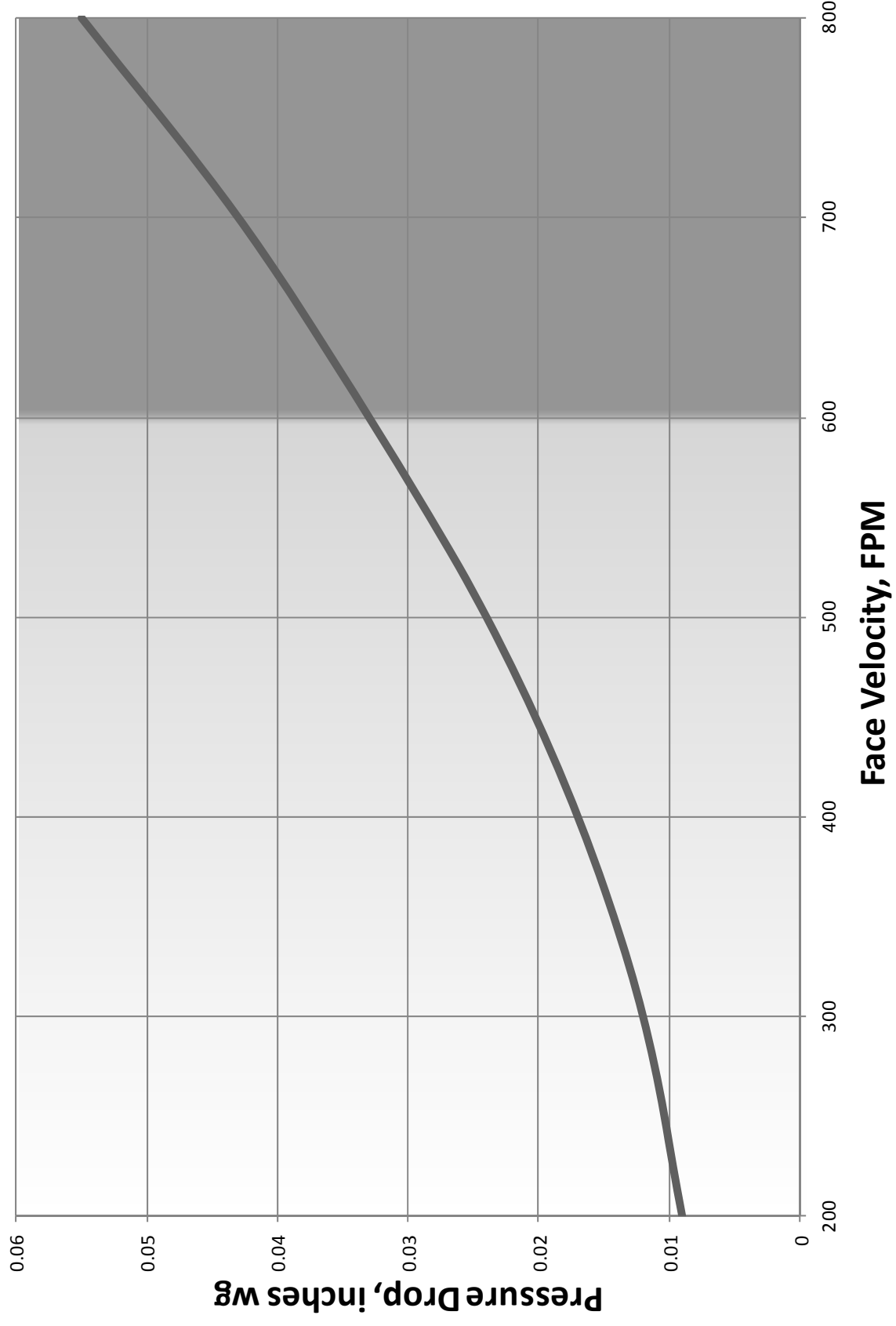
Relief or comfort cooling using evaporative coolers is accomplished in two ways. First by lowering the dry bulb temperature of the air and secondly, by the movement of air over individuals. Generally comfort cooling for hot industrial applications is achieved by either space cooling or spot cooling. Air quantities vary dependent upon wet bulb depression and the internal heat source. In addition to industrial comfort cooling and industrial process cooling, evaporative coolers provide relief in such applications as laundries and restaurant kitchens. They have also proven practical for greenhouse as well as animal barn and poultry house cooling.

EVAPORATIVE COOLER SELECTION TABLE

| MODEL NO. | ITEM | OPERATING DATA | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| EC-40 | CFM | 1500 | 1750 | 2000 | 2250 | 2500 | 2750 | 3000 | 3250 | 3500 | 3750 | 4000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 250 | 292 | 333 | 375 | 417 | 458 | 500 | 542 | 583 | 625 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .92 | .91 | .90 | .90 | .89 | .89 | .89 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .06 | .08 | .10 | .12 | .15 | .18 | .21 | .25 | .29 | .32 | .36 |
| EC-80 | CFM | 4000 | 4250 | 4500 | 4750 | 5000 | 5500 | 6000 | 6500 | 7000 | 7500 | 8000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 333 | 354 | 375 | 396 | 417 | 458 | 500 | 542 | 583 | 625 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .90 | .90 | .90 | .90 | .89 | .89 | .89 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .10 | .11 | .12 | .14 | .15 | .18 | .21 | .25 | .29 | .32 | .36 |
| EC-120 | CFM | 8000 | 8250 | 8500 | 8750 | 9000 | 9500 | 10000 | 10500 | 11000 | 11500 | 12000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 444 | 458 | 472 | 486 | 500 | 528 | 556 | 583 | 611 | 639 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .89 | .89 | .89 | .89 | .89 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .17 | .18 | .14 | .20 | .21 | .23 | .26 | .29 | .31 | .34 | .36 |
| EC-160 | CFM | 12000 | 12250 | 12500 | 12750 | 13000 | 13500 | 14000 | 14500 | 15000 | 15500 | 16000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 500 | 510 | 521 | 531 | 542 | 562 | 583 | 604 | 625 | 646 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .89 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .21 | .22 | .23 | .24 | .25 | .27 | .29 | .30 | .32 | .34 | .36 |
| EC-220 | CFM | 16000 | 16500 | 17000 | 17500 | 18000 | 18500 | 19000 | 19500 | 20000 | 21000 | 22000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 500 | 516 | 531 | 547 | 562 | 578 | 594 | 609 | 625 | 656 | 688 |
| | EFF. | .89 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .21 | .22 | .24 | .25 | .27 | .28 | .30 | .31 | .32 | .35 | .38 |
| EC-300 | CFM | 22000 | 22500 | 23000 | 23500 | 24000 | 25000 | 26000 | 27000 | 28000 | 29000 | 30000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 489 | 500 | 511 | 522 | 533 | 556 | 578 | 600 | 622 | 644 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .89 | .89 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .20 | .21 | .22 | .23 | .24 | .26 | .28 | .30 | .32 | .34 | .36 |
| EC-400 | CFM | 30000 | 31000 | 32000 | 33000 | 34000 | 35000 | 36000 | 37000 | 38000 | 39000 | 40000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 500 | 517 | 533 | 550 | 567 | 583 | 600 | 617 | 633 | 650 | 667 |
| | EFF. | .89 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .21 | .22 | .24 | .25 | .27 | .29 | .30 | .31 | .33 | .35 | .36 |
| EC-500 | CFM | 40000 | 41000 | 42000 | 43000 | 44000 | 45000 | 46000 | 47000 | 48000 | 49000 | 50000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 571 | 586 | 600 | 614 | 629 | 643 | 657 | 671 | 686 | 700 | 714 |
| | EFF. | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .27 | .29 | .30 | .31 | .33 | .34 | .35 | .37 | .38 | .40 | .41 |
| EC-600 | CFM | 50000 | 51000 | 52000 | 53000 | 54000 | 55000 | 56000 | 57000 | 58000 | 59000 | 60000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 595 | 607 | 619 | 631 | 643 | 655 | 667 | 679 | 690 | 702 | 714 |
| | EFF. | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .30 | .31 | .32 | .33 | .34 | .35 | .36 | .38 | .39 | .40 | .41 |
| EC-750 | CFM | 60000 | 62000 | 64000 | 66000 | 68000 | 70000 | 71000 | 72000 | 73000 | 74000 | 75000 |
| | VEL. (FPM) | 556 | 574 | 593 | 611 | 630 | 648 | 657 | 667 | 676 | 685 | 694 |
| | EFF. | .88 | .88 | .88 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 | .87 |
| | AIR PD (IN) | .26 | .28 | .30 | .31 | .33 | .34 | .35 | .36 | .37 | .38 | .39 |

Drift Eliminator in shaded areas recommended—see page 3.

DRIFdek Pressure Drop



EVAPORATIVE COOLER PERFORMANCE DATA

Discharge Air Temperature

Hastings evaporative coolers reduce the dry bulb temperature of the intake or outside air from 87 to 92 percent of the wet bulb depression. The percentage is shown as efficiency in the selection table on page 3. As evaporative cooling is essentially adiabatic with no change in total heat, the wet bulb temperature will remain constant through the cooling process. Discharge dry bulb temperature can be determined by applying FORMULA A.

FORMULA A

Evaporative cooler leaving air dry bulb can be calculated from formula:

$$T2 = T1 - (T1 - T3) (E)$$

Where: T2 = Leaving dry bulb

T1 = Entering Dry bulb

T3 = Entering wet bulb

E = Efficiency

} Wet Bulb Depression

Discharge Air Quantity

A practical method of determining the required evaporative cooler air supply is the employment of air change calculations as shown in FORMULA B. Excessive interior heat loads and humid conditions having low design wet bulb depressions will require more air changes and, in turn, a larger air quantity. It is important that evaporative coolers not be undersized. Also room air should not be circulated through the evaporator and all air from the evaporative cooler must be exhausted.

FORMULA B

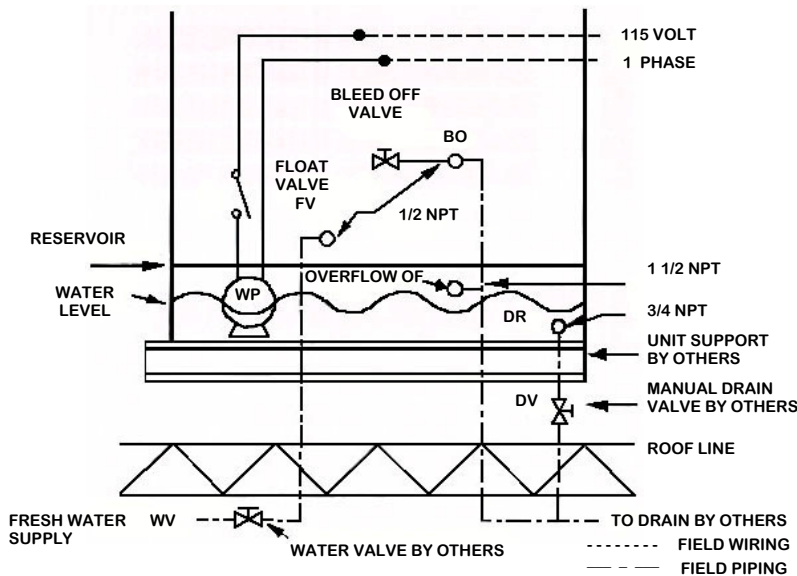
Evaporative cooler size for summer operation can be determined from CFM required by a two step process:

$$(1) \text{ Minutes per air change} = \frac{\text{Design dry bulb} - \text{Design wet bulb}}{10}$$

$$(2) \text{ CFM required} = \frac{\text{Building volume in cubic feet}}{\text{Minutes per air change}}$$

Increase CFM up to 50% for heavy loads or humid area

WATER PIPING AND CONTROLS



STANDARD UNIT

1. MANUAL SHUT OFF VALVE (WV) IS OPENED.
2. MANUAL DRAIN VALVE (DV) IS CLOSED.
3. FLOAT VALVE (FV) ALLOWS FRESH WATER TO ENTER RESERVOIR.
4. WATER PUMP (WP) WILL START AS SOON AS FLOAT SWITCH (FL) CLOSSES. IF WATER IS TOO LOW PUMP WON'T RUN, WATER PUMP (WP) SHOULD BE WIRED SO THAT PUMP CANNOT RUN WITHOUT BLOWER MOTOR IN OPERATION.
5. BLEED-OFF (BO) TO PREVENT SCALE FORMATION, A BLEED-OFF AT THE RATE OF 3-6% IS REQUIRED. THE EXACT AMOUNT WILL DEPEND ON THE pH AND HARDNESS OF THE WATER, AND THE INTENSITY OF EVAPORATION.
6. UNIT CAN BE USED WITH BLOWER ON AND EVAPORATIVE COOLER PUMP OFF.

OPTIONAL AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE KIT

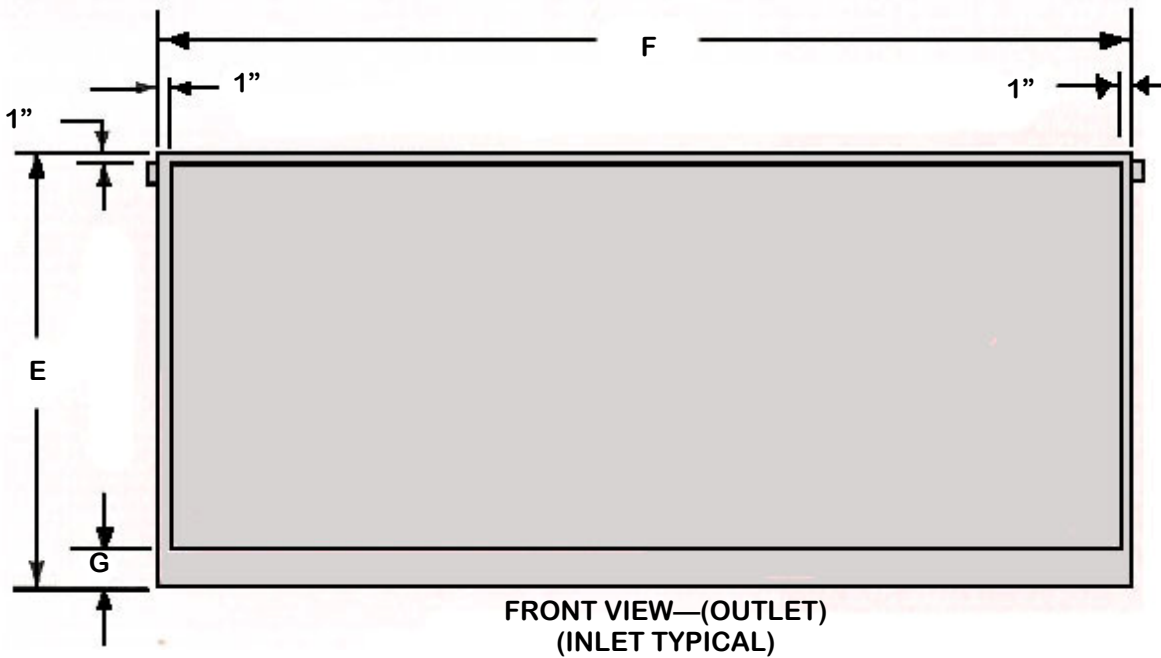
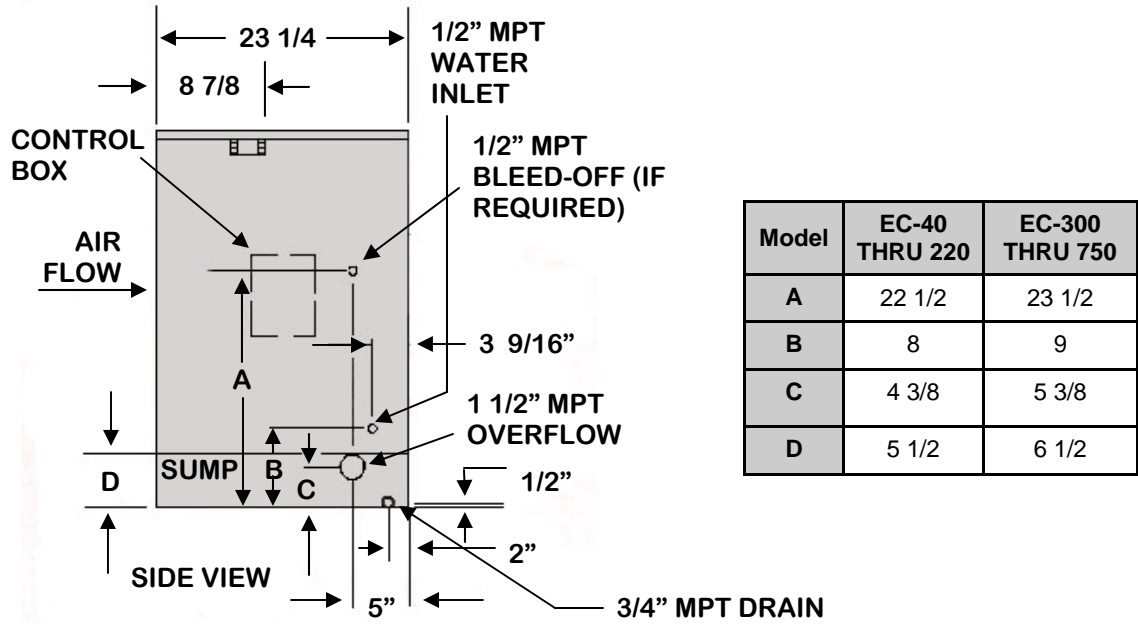
Adds water conservation solenoid valve, solenoid drain valve and adjustable 24 hour timer. Replaces constant bleed-off system to provide periodic sediment and hard water deposit removal.

OPTIONAL AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE PLUS FREEZE PROTECTION KIT

Adds motorized drain valve adjustable 24 hour timer, outdoor freeze protection thermostat and indoor solenoid 3-way fill valve. Replaces constant bleed-off system and maintains an empty reservoir during freezing weather preventing ice expansion damage to water system and pump.

DIMENSIONS

Evaporative Cooler Section

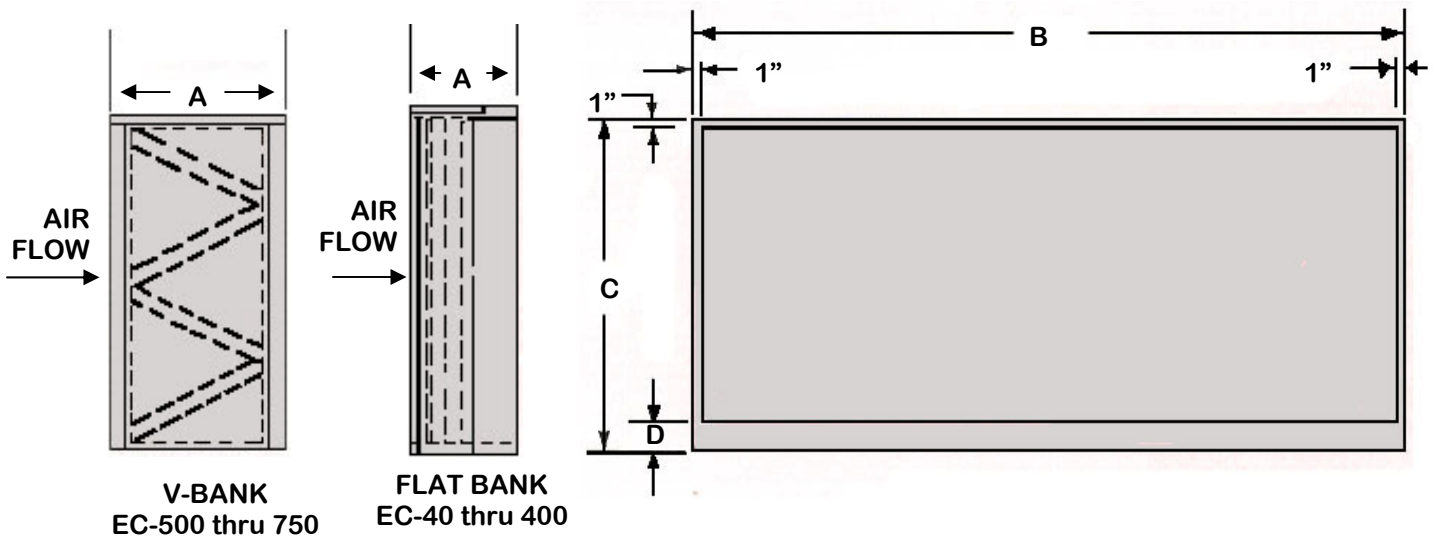


| Model | EC-40 | EC-80 | EC-120 | EC-160 | EC-220 | EC-300 | * EC-400 | * EC-500 | * EC-600 | * EC-750 |
|----------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| E | 36 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 60 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 85 | 85 |
| F | 45 | 57 | 81 | 105 | 105 | 117 | 162 | 186 | 186 | 234 |
| G | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 |

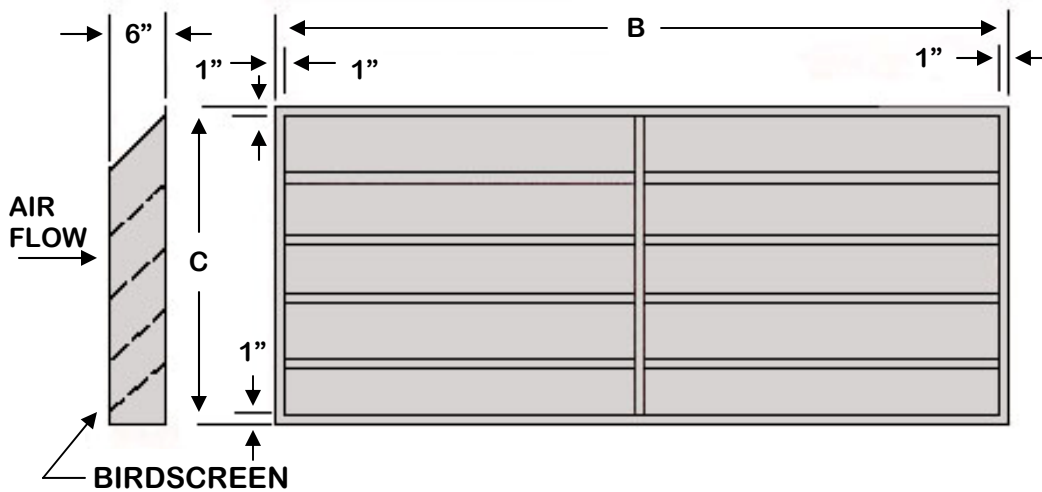
* Two smaller cabinets bolted together.
All dimensions in inches.

DIMENSIONS

Pre-Filter Section



Inlet Louver and Screen



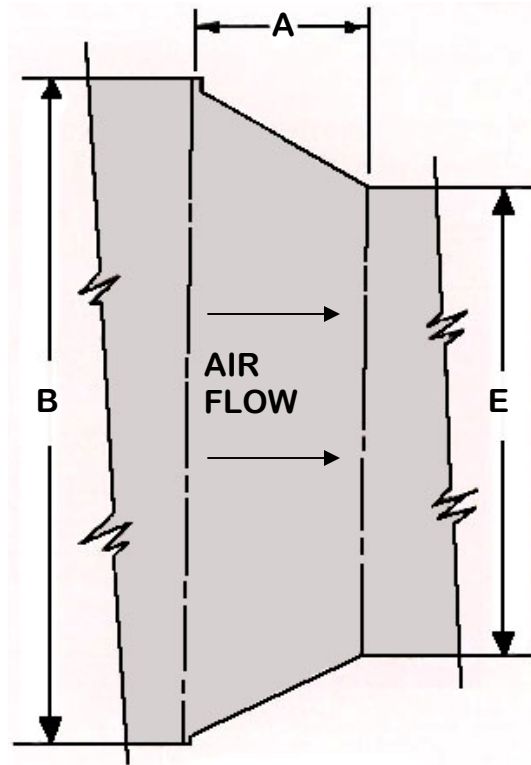
| Model | EC-40 | EC-80 | EC-120 | EC-160 | EC-220 | EC-300 | * EC-400 | * EC-500 | * EC-600 | * EC-750 |
|---------|---------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 19 1/4 | 20 3/4 | 20 3/4 |
| B | 45 | 57 | 81 | 105 | 105 | 117 | 162 | 186 | 186 | 234 |
| C | 36 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 60 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 85 | 85 |
| D | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 |
| Filters | 4)16 x 20 x 2 | 1)16 x 25 x 2 1)16 x 20 x 2 2)20 x 25 x 2 2)20 x 20 x 2 | 4)20 x 25 x 2 4)20 x 20 x 2 | 5)20 x 25 x 2 5)20 x 20 x 2 | 15)20 x 20 x 2 | 2)16 x 25 x 2 1)16 x 20 x 2 10)20 x 25 x 2 5)20 x 20 x 2 | 16)20 x 25 x 2 8)20 x 20 x 2 | 24)20 x 25 x 2 8)16 x 20 x 2 | 30)20 x 25 x 2 10)16 x 20 x 2 | 40)20 x 25 x 2 10)16 x 20 x 2 |

*Two smaller cabinets bolted together (access both end).
All dimensions in inches.

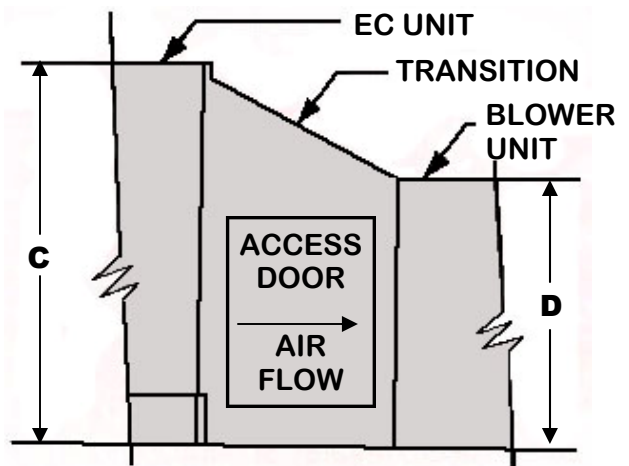
DIMENSIONS

| Model | Blower Size* | Dimensions in Inches | | | | |
|--------|--------------|----------------------|-----|----|--------|---------|
| | | A | B | C | D | E |
| EC-40 | SB-112 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 26 1/2 | 33 |
| | SB-115 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 35 | 40 |
| | LU-112 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 25 3/8 | 30 1/4 |
| | MB-112 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 36 1/4 | 28 3/4 |
| | MB-114A | 20 | 45 | 36 | 36 1/4 | 39 1/2 |
| | MB-114B | 20 | 45 | 36 | 36 1/4 | 50 1/4 |
| | MB-214 | 20 | 45 | 36 | 36 1/4 | 63 3/4 |
| EC-80 | SB-115 | 20 | 57 | 48 | 35 | 40 |
| | SB-215 | 20 | 57 | 48 | 35 | 75 1/8 |
| | LU-115 | 30 | 57 | 48 | 25 3/8 | 30 1/4 |
| | LU-215 | 31 1/8 | 57 | 48 | 25 3/8 | 60 |
| | MB-114A | 20 | 57 | 48 | 36 1/4 | 39 1/2 |
| | MB-114B | 20 | 57 | 48 | 36 1/4 | 50 1/4 |
| | MB-214 | 20 | 57 | 48 | 36 1/4 | 63 3/4 |
| | MB-218 | 24 | 57 | 48 | 41 | 129 |
| EC-120 | SB-215 | 20 | 81 | 48 | 35 | 75 1/8 |
| | SB-218 | 20 | 81 | 48 | 39 | 79 1/8 |
| | LU-215 | 31 1/8 | 81 | 48 | 25 3/8 | 60 |
| | MB-218 | 26 | 81 | 48 | 41 | 129 |
| EC-160 | SB-215 | 20 | 105 | 48 | 35 | 75 1/8 |
| | SB-218 | 20 | 105 | 48 | 39 | 79 1/8 |
| | LU-218 | 30 | 105 | 48 | 31 1/4 | 68 1/8 |
| | MB-218 | 24 | 105 | 48 | 41 | 129 |
| EC-220 | SB-218 | 20 | 105 | 60 | 39 | 79 1/8 |
| | SB-222 | 20 | 105 | 60 | 49 | 96 5/8 |
| | LU-218 | 48 | 105 | 60 | 31 1/4 | 68 1/8 |
| | MB-218 | 32 | 105 | 60 | 41 | 129 |
| EC-300 | SB-222 | 36 1/8 | 117 | 73 | 49 | 96 5/8 |
| | SB-227 | 20 | 117 | 73 | 58 | 114 3/8 |
| | MB-218 | 65 | 117 | 73 | 41 | 129 |
| EC-400 | SB-222 | 39 3/4 | 162 | 73 | 49 | 96 5/8 |
| | SB-227 | 48 1/4 | 162 | 73 | 58 | 114 3/8 |
| EC-500 | SB-227 | 39 3/4 | 186 | 73 | 58 | 114 3/8 |
| | SB-233 | 44 7/8 | 186 | 73 | 67 | 141 |
| EC-600 | SB-227 | 39 3/4 | 186 | 85 | 58 | 114 3/8 |
| | SB-233 | 44 7/8 | 186 | 85 | 67 | 141 |
| EC-750 | SB-233 | 39 3/4 | 234 | 85 | 67 | 141 |

Evaporative Cooler Transitions



PLAIN VIEW (Typical)



SIDE VIEW (Typical)

*Other configurations available

| SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Model | | EC-40 | EC-80 | EC-120 | EC-160 | EC-220 | EC-300 | EC-400 | EC-500 | EC-600 | EC-750 |
| Evaporating Area – Sq. Ft. | | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 32 | 45 | 60 | 70 | 84 | 108 |
| Pump Motor | Number | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | HP | 1/50 | 1/6 | 1/6 | 1/6 | 1/6 | 1/6 | (2) 1/6 | (2) 1/6 | (2) 1/6 | (2) 1/6 |
| | Amps | 1.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 (ea.) | 5.0 (ea.) | 5.0 (ea.) | 5.0 (ea.) |
| | Voltage | 115 Volts – 1 Phase – 60 Hertz | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction | Reservoir | Stainless Steel | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cabinet | Aluminized steel – exterior painted | | | | | | | | | |
| Evaporative Media | | 12" Celdek | | | | | | | | | |
| Water System | | Schedule 40 PVC Pipe | | | | | | | | | |
| Shipping Weight – lbs. | | 110 | 176 | 225 | 271 | 310 | 373 | 634 | 726 | 845 | 1067 |
| Operating Weight – lbs. | | 335 | 560 | 650 | 825 | 880 | 1135 | 1680 | 1930 | 2085 | 2635 |

Standard Equipment Engineers Specifications

Furnish and install the following Hastings evaporative cooling section:

| | | |
|---------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Model Number | CFM | 115/60/1 Pump Voltage |
|---------------------|------------|------------------------------|

The evaporative cooler shall have 12" Celdek evaporative media, submersible water pump, schedule 40 P.V.C. water distribution system with splash tube spray over media, cast brass float type fill valve and manual bleed-off valve for constant sediment drainage. Cabinet to be constructed of 18 gauge aluminized steel with painted exterior. Reservoir to be 20 gauge stainless steel.

Options and Accessories

- Automatic drain valve kit.
- Automatic drain valve plus freeze protection kit.
- Insulated transitions to Hastings blower sections.
- 12" Glasdek media UL approved, UL900, Class 2 rating.
- Drift Eliminator. – Recommended at 600 FPM to 699 FPM. – Required above 700 FPM
- Flatbank or V-bank pre-filter section.
- 2" cleanable or extended surface filters.
- Intake louver with birdscreen.
- Step down transformer for either 208 Volt 3 Ph. Or 230/460 V. 3 Ph.
- Matching base rail for use with Hastings blower section.
- U.L. Label Panel

In order to maintain our policy of continuous product improvement, we reserve the right to change prices, specifications, ratings or dimensions without notice or obligation.



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REPRESENTED BY:

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